

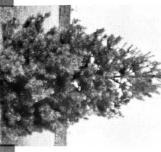
COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE One of the most popular trees. Grown from seed some are a greenish color with a blue tinge. Some are bright blue.

YOUR
PLANTING
GUIDE

Since WOODLOT SEED CO. 1936 WOODLOT SEED CO. NORWAY . MICHIGAN



General Planting Trees and Shrub Instructions for Seeds



AUSTRIAN PINE
This is a fast growing tree,
has very still needles, and
glossy dark green foliage.
A good screen or windbreck
tree. Hardy, except in very
cold sections. Evergreen.

PREPARING THE SEED BED

list that are described in illustrated literature—copies of which you may secure from us upon request

WATER SEED AFTER SOWING

REFUL ATTENTION TO PLANTING AIDS GERM

Select trees and shrubs that are best suited to your soil and climate. Ask your County Agent, Illustrated in this planting guide are a number of trees and shrubs, selected at random from a long Agricultural Advisor, Soil Conservationist or Forestry Department for the best selections for your area

sand with it. sticks, stones, etc. If the soil is heavy use peat or working to a depth of about a foot. Remove all soil which has been in crop the preceding year, The seed bed should be prepared as for onions on

removed at such times, and if water is standing over the roots of the seedlings, sand or dirt may be the seedlings. Keep the mulch until spring. Then at such times. Remove shade in early fall to harden at once. Some sprinkle Semesan over the seedlings If any seedlings do die remove and destroy them lings sometimes wilt and die. Shade should be may be brush, or a frame with lath spaced about protect the seedlings. Provide partial shade. This the burlap. If sowing is late provide a mulch to moist, not wet until germination starts. Then remove Cover the seed beds with burlap, and keep the soil sprinkled over them to remove the excess moisture two inches apart. During hot muggy weather seed-

SOME SEEDS MAY BE BROADCAST remove early.

usually sown in rows ten or twelve inches apart. shrubs (the kinds which lose their leaves over winter) are rows four or five inches apart. Seed of deciduous trees and Conifer seeds are often broadcast, though sometime sown in

> use clean sand and other a mixture of sand or peat. or some other mercuric compound at time of sowing. diameter. Some experts advise dusting the seed with Semesar down firmly. Cover large seeds to about three times their seed, cover to a depth of a quarter of an inch or a little more, the seed bed and about two feet below the surface. Press with soil that has been sterilized, or with soil dug from near After sowing seed water thoroughly at once, and, with small

OTHER DETAILS TO HELP YOU

European Larch. Soak in water for one day, then sow. seeds that swell and sow. Repeat for others. under the boiling point over these seeds and let cool. Remove Honey Locust, Black Locust and Red Bud. Pour hot water just

Douglas Fir. Soak in water for 7 days. Sow.

and be sure to provide partial shade. Birch, Hemlock and Arbor Vitae. Sow in partially rotted sawdust or rotted wood or decomposed leaves. Cover very lightly

Paper birch does well when provided with a cover of slightly prevents the formation of a crust, and small seedlings have same method is good for hemlock. Using sawdust usually rotted hardwood sawdust, and kept partially shaded. The trouble breaking through a crust.

are often transplanted once or twice to build up a strong old to their permanent locations. The pines, spruce and firs Hardwood seedlings are generally transferred when one year

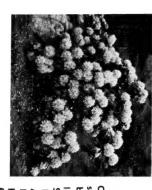
ed by soaking the seed for several days in cold water. Sprouting of almost any hardcoated seed is sometimes hasten-

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planting to grow one or more years before final transpartial shade. Next spring move to nursery beds the first year in outdoor pits or cold frames under are large enough to handle and carried through should be transplanted to flats as soon as they growers recommend 60 - 65). Maintain moisture at all times. Cover flats with panes of glass soil and cover lightly with pulverized spaghnum. Maintain temperature 45 - 50 degrees (Some mination requires from 2 to 4 weeks. Tiny plants during germination and water from below. not too warm. Sow in April on the surface of the decayed oak litter. You may use your cellar if sandy peat or sand mixed with pulverized, Ger-

ated in flats allowing drainage or in pans of acid

AZALEAS-RHODODENDRON—Seeds are germin-



AMERICAN HOLLY

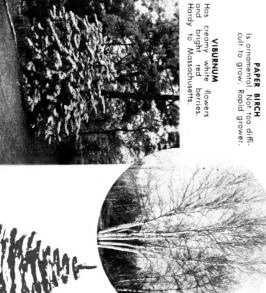
Chinese, American and English Holly like a mixture of sand, peat and rich soil. They may be sown in the spring Some prefer to stratify. left until the following year without being disturbed but may not germinate then. In this case they should be

holly, a lustrous evergreen of beauty can all be raised trom seed quite easily berries much used in Christmas decorations, and Japanese Alder or Winter- berry, a deciduous shrub with red an evergreen holly with black berries, Black

They do not ordinarily take long to germinate



or sunlight it retains thru the year. Car be shaped and trimmed A tree of tree is rather small fits itself to differen and growing condi rich color, which



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REFUL ATTENTION

to planting

aids Germination

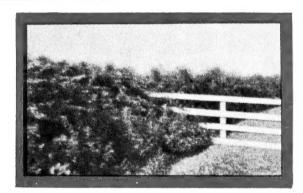
SNOW FENCE

In many parts of the country live snow fences are being planted along paths and roads to prevent drifting of snow. And you can grow your own from seed. Use fast growing Chinese Elm, Norway Spruce, and some of the pines, firs and other spruce.

Government statistics tell us that a windbreak protecing buildings can reduce fuel bills from twenty-five to forty percent. In these days of rising fuel costs this is an item that might well be considered. Use the same kinds as for snow fence.

MULTIFLORA ROSE

useful and ornamental



The living fence can be started from seed the first season if the seed is properly conditioned. When grown multiflora rose makes an attractive fence, and when once established, is a permanent living fence that will keep out stock, cattle, horses, hogs or other animals, if the thorny variety is planted. Ornamental with its white roses in summer, red berries in fall or winter it is popular in parts of the country where the climate is not too severe.

Multiflora Rose seed may be sown in the fall just before cold weather without special treatment; but should be covered with burlap (old gunnysacks will do). This should be removed in the spring as germination starts. It may also be sown in the spring, early, and without special treatment, using burlap to cover as above. For late spring or early summer this seed should be mixed with sand or dirt and water and frozen in a refrigerator or food locker for twenty four hours, thaw for a like period, and repeat twice, then sow. This is fast stratification.

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OTHERS SUCCESSFULLY GROW TREES & SHRUBS FROM \bigcirc_{OOO}

So Can You!

for

SHADE, WIND-BREAK, ORNA-MENTAL SNOW FENCE, ETC.



NORWAY SPRUCE
A symmetrical evergreen.
Hardy, much used for
Christmas trees.



TRATIFICATION

Rather than plant slow germinating seed in the spring and waiting a year for germination, some feel that there is less risk in stratifying. For rapid stratification mix seeds with sufficient water to keep them together and place in a receptical in the freezer compartment of your refrigerator. Freeze for a day, remove and permit seeds to thaw. Replace in the refrigerator and repeat freezing for a day. Do this three or four times. This freezing process should break the hard shell of the seed, or at least cause it to crack open. Then dry the seeds just enough so that they handle easily, and sow. You should time the sowing so that the seed bed is ready when the seed is prepared. In our price list seeds marked with an asterisk require some form of stratification. This can be done by mixing the seed with sand, soil or peat and placed in a box, or container which provides sufficient drainage. Screen to prevent damage by rodents or birds. Leave the box outside over winter. Preferably on the shady side of the building or bury it in the open ground to a depth of about 6". Then do not disturb until the following spring. Separate the seed from the soil and sow before germination starts.



ASIC INFORMATION

The basic information for sowing is from the U. S. Lake State Forestry Experiment Station, St. Paul, Minnesota and the Minnesota Forestry and Horticulture Department. This has been supplemented by our 20 years in research and experimentation. In this folder is highlighted the results of that work, and some of the suggestions that we know will be helpful to you in deciding the kind of shrubs or trees you want to plant. Some of the planting instructions are from Woody Plant Manual, U. S. Forest Service, Department of Agriculture. Growing of trees and shrubs are described in U. S. Department of Agriculture Farmers bulletin No. 1567, which may be had from the Superintendent of Documents in Washington 6, D. C. for the current price of such literature.

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